



## **AGENDA**

- ► Introduction and guidelines
- Context
- ► Educational Programs mapping
- ► Stakeholders needs identification
- ► Main GAPS identified
- ► The Bioruukki case study
- ► 10 Best Practices for academia industry collaboration
- ► Main conclusions and recommendations





## INTRODUCTION AND GUIDELINES



This session is being recorded



Please, make sure your microphone is muted



Use the chat to send your questions



This is an interactive session, please, participate on menti.com



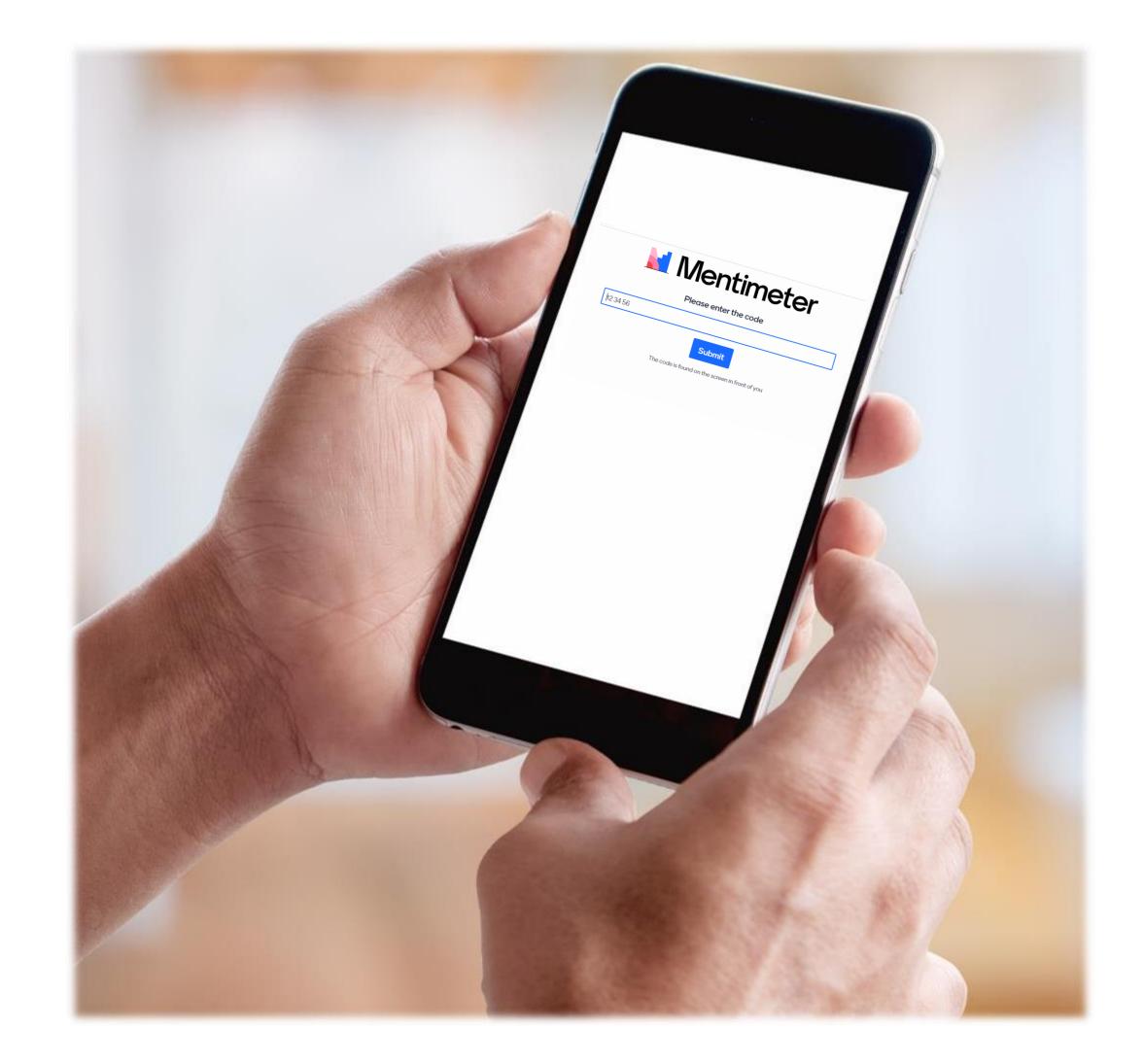






## INTRODUCTION AND GUIDELINES

- 1. Go to menti.com
- 2. Introduce code 79 76 10
- 3. Vote!











## CONTEXT

#### What is the bioeconomy?

The bioeconomy comprises those parts of the economy that use renewable biological resources from land and sea – such as crops, forests, fish, animals and micro-organisms – to produce food, materials and energy.

### Why is it important?



The bioeconomy employs around 18 million people



It could generate a further 1 million jobs, particularly in rural and coastal aeras, by 2030



It has an anual turnover of 2.3 trillion €



It has a great potential to boost the reduction of our dependence on fossil fuels

## What's in the bioeconomy for you?





## **OBJECTIVES**

To map completed and ongoing programs addressing curricula that involve bio-based activities

To foster the interaction and alignment among educational and research institutions and industry

To identify current education and professional gaps and skills mismatch in the bio-based field

To provide the bio-based industry and sector with a basis for promoting careers in the bio-based sector, the so-called "UrBlOfuture experience"

To disseminate and exploit UrBIOfuture



















Coordinator: UAB

**Duration**: 12 months

Number of partners: 9

Funding: BBI-JU (H2020 Programme)

**Budget**: 996.386,00 €

**EU Contribution**: 946.568,00 € **In Kind Contribution**: 49.819,00 €



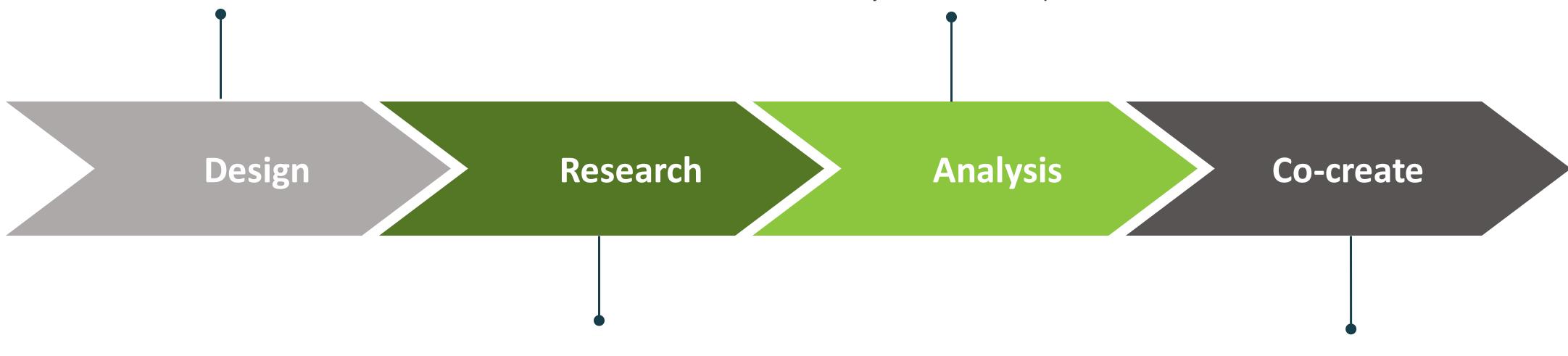
## METHODOLOGY

#### **Planning**

Stakeholders List
Instruments to get data
Creation of UrBIOfuture Working Group

#### Reports

Educational Programms Analysys
Stakeholders needs analysis
Educational and Skill GAPS
Dynamic Workshops



#### Recover data

38 focus group and Interviews
Template of Educational Programs
Survey to know stakeholders needs
3 online consultations among stakeholders

#### **UrBIOfuture Experience**

Involvement of Stakeholders – Co-creation

Biorruki experience

Promotional events

Dissemination of the results

Best practices

Train the trainers and train the students



## RESOURCES



#### Related Initiatives

www.urbiofuture.eu/related-initiatives/



#### Job opportunities and Internships

<u>www.urbiofuture.eu/future-opportunities/career-opportunities-industry/</u>



#### Map of educational programmes

www.urbiofuture.eu/educational\_programmes/



#### Map of pilot sites

www.urbiofuture.eu/future-opportunities/pilot-sites/



#### Video resources

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCZ1K5sxHB0fpg31PQBpJ45Q



#### Success cases

www.urbiofuture.eu/success-cases/



#### A set of materials

www.urbiofuture.eu/documents/#urbiofuture-experience



#### Reports and Capacity Building

www.urbiofuture.eu/documents/#project-documents



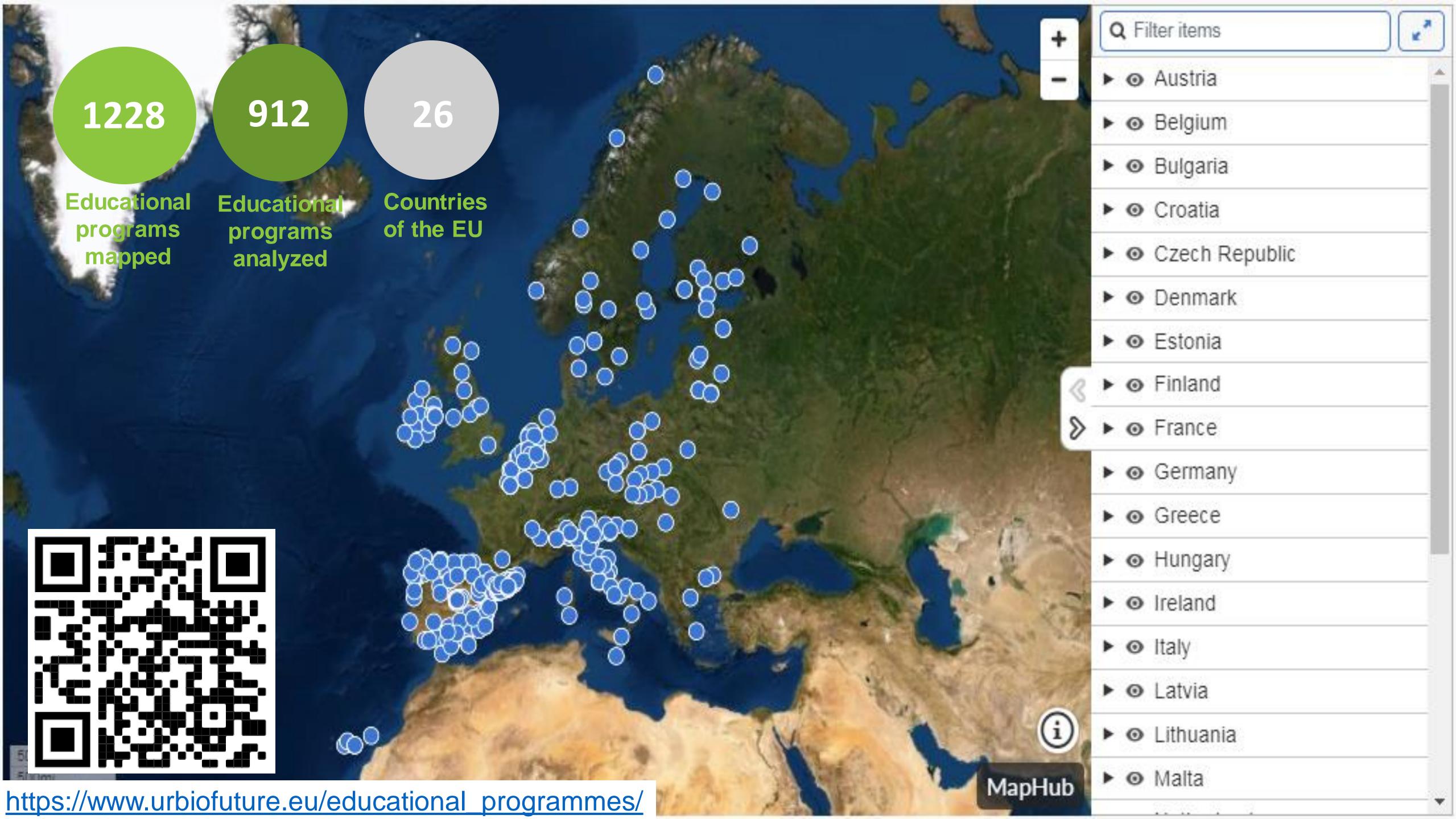
#### E-learning materials

www.urbiofuture.eu/webinar/



## Educational Programs mapping







Stakeholders needs identification





## Stakeholders needs identification

#### **Focus Group**



Number of participants: 38 (27 + 11)

Countries represented: Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Italy, Poland, Spain and Netherland.

Participants average profile:

- 65% of women
- Between 40 and 50 y.o.
- Over 15 years of experience in the sector
- Mostly in management positions

#### **Interviews**



#### Survey



Countries represented: almost all European Countries.

Main sectors of activity:

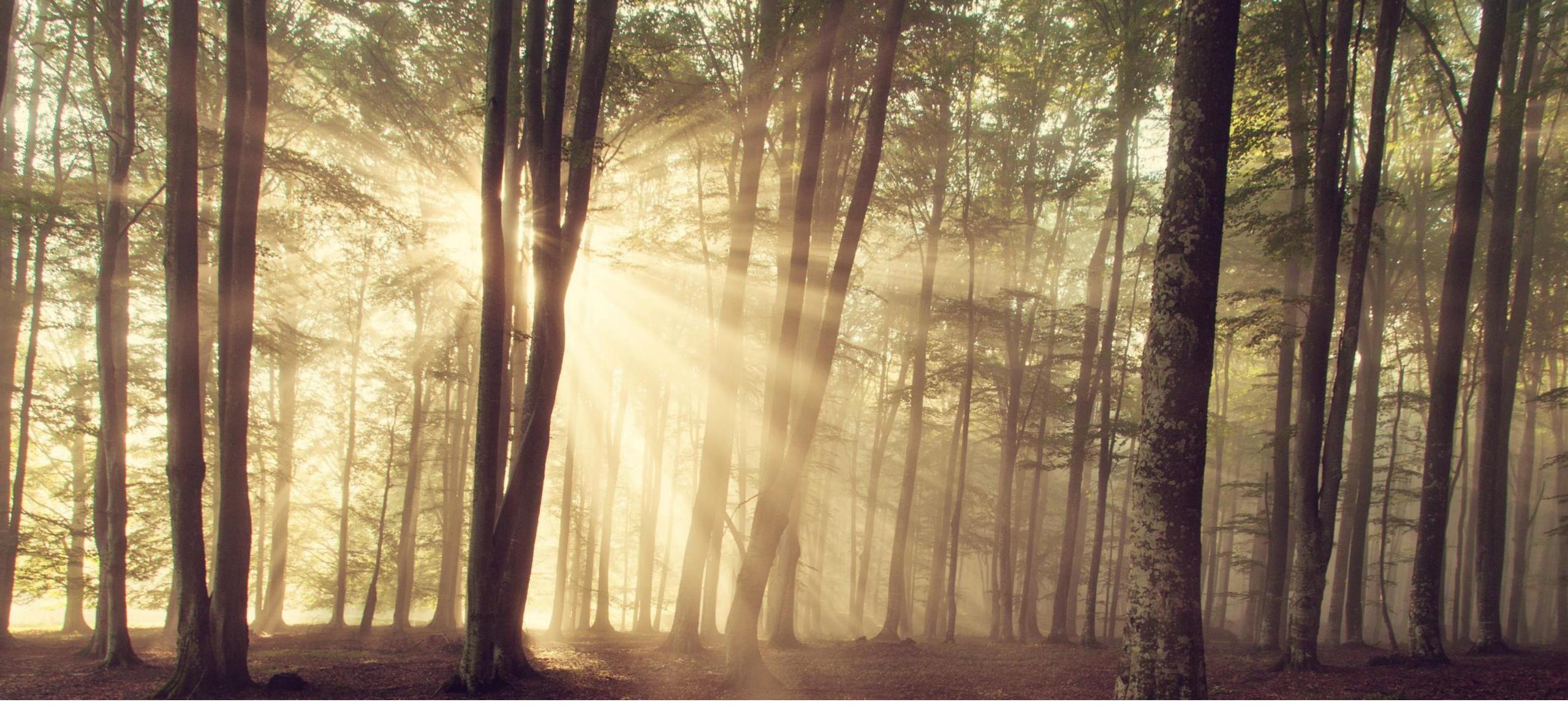
- Biotechnology
- Agriculture
- Pharmaceuticals
- Chemical
- Food Products
- Biorefinery
- Bioenergy











Main GAPS identified



#### Main GAPS identified



#### RESEARCH AND INNOVATION

Knowledge transfer: from the LAB to the Industry Innovation and Change

01



#### PERSONAL INITIATIVE AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Critical thinking
Problem solving

02



#### MANAGEMENT

Development of business models
Project management

03



#### SUSTAINABILITY AND INDUSTRY

Circular economy / Zero waste industry Sustainable competitiveness / Economy 04



#### SPECIALISTS IN BIO-BASED SECTOR BUSINESS

Bio-based market knowledge & techno-economic expertise Identify and create market application for new bio-based products





#### Main GAPS identified



#### TECHNOLOGY

Key enabling Technologies for the Bio-based industry Digital skills

06



#### SALES AND MARKETING

Increasing consumer / society awareness on bio-based products Adapting the products to new targets

07



#### BASIC SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE

Biotechnology / Biology Chemistry / Chemical Engineering 08



#### RULES AND REGULATIONS

Common EU Regulations
Bio-Based products legal framework / quality, safety and security regulations

09



#### SOFT SKILLS

Teamwork and conflict resolution

Collaboration / Adaptability / Relationship building





#### Main GAPS identified



#### TECH. EXPERTISE IN PRIMARY CONVERSION PROCESSES

New processes to improve bioproducts yield from bio-waste Methods for efficient and cost-effective biomass' production

11



#### TECH. EXP. IN MATERIALS, PRODUCTS AND FUNCTION.

New functional bio-based materials and products: plastics, composites, starch, .... New (chemical) building blocks from renewable resources

12



#### TECH. EXPERT. IN SECONDARY CONVERSION PROCESSES

New more efficient methods to recover/convert bio-based chemicals Biopolymer processing to obtain different materials for automotive, agriculture, etc.. 13



#### TECH. EXPERT. IN SUSTAINABLE BIOMASS PRODUCTION

Techno-economic assessment of processes, bio-refineries and bio-based value chains Life Cycle assessment of processes, biorefineries and bio-based value chains 14



#### DATA MANAGEMENT

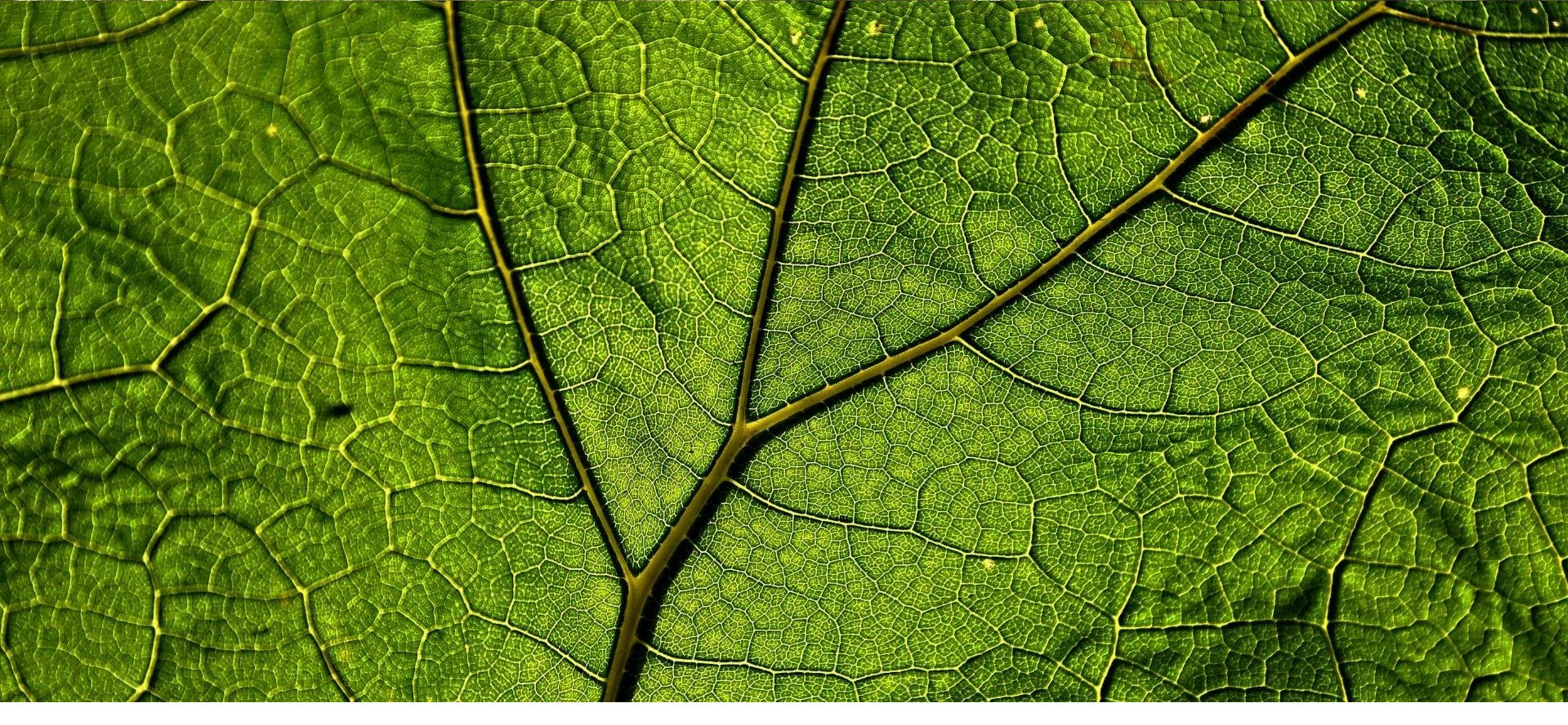
Data analytics & Advanced Analytics

Data processing (carry out, retrieve, transform)



# Have you identified any other gaps between current educational programmes and the bio-based industry needs?





The Bioruukki case study



# VTT Bioruukki Pilot Centre - An integrated enabler to accelerate higher value business in bio and circular economy

Biomass Waste Side streams

Thermochemical conversions

Biomass processing and textile fibres

**Process Chemistry** 





Fuels from waste









# Case study "Bioruukki pilot ecosystem as a training platform" in Helsinki capital region

#### **WHY**

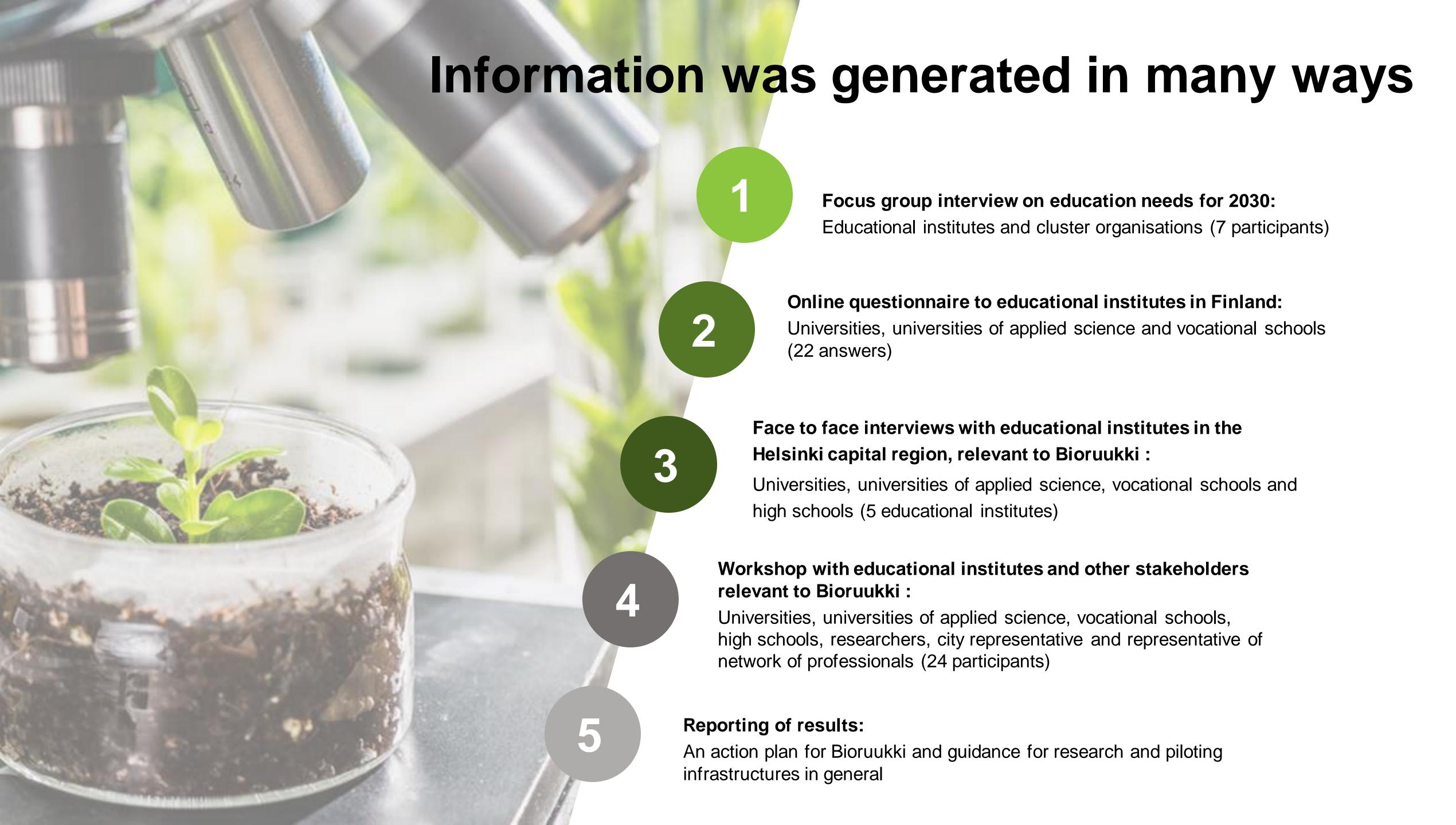
- How can piloting infrastructures be efficiently utilized in education?
- How can we build an open, dynamic, multi-actor ecosystem for business, research and education around research facilities?

#### **HOW**

• Identification of needs, potential partners, co-operation options, expected benefits, main barriers and key practices. In collaboration with the stakeholders from relevant educational institutes.

#### **WHAT**

 A general concept and an action plan has been developed to guide how research and piloting infrastructures can be efficiently utilized in training and education in open, dynamic, multi-actor ecosystems.



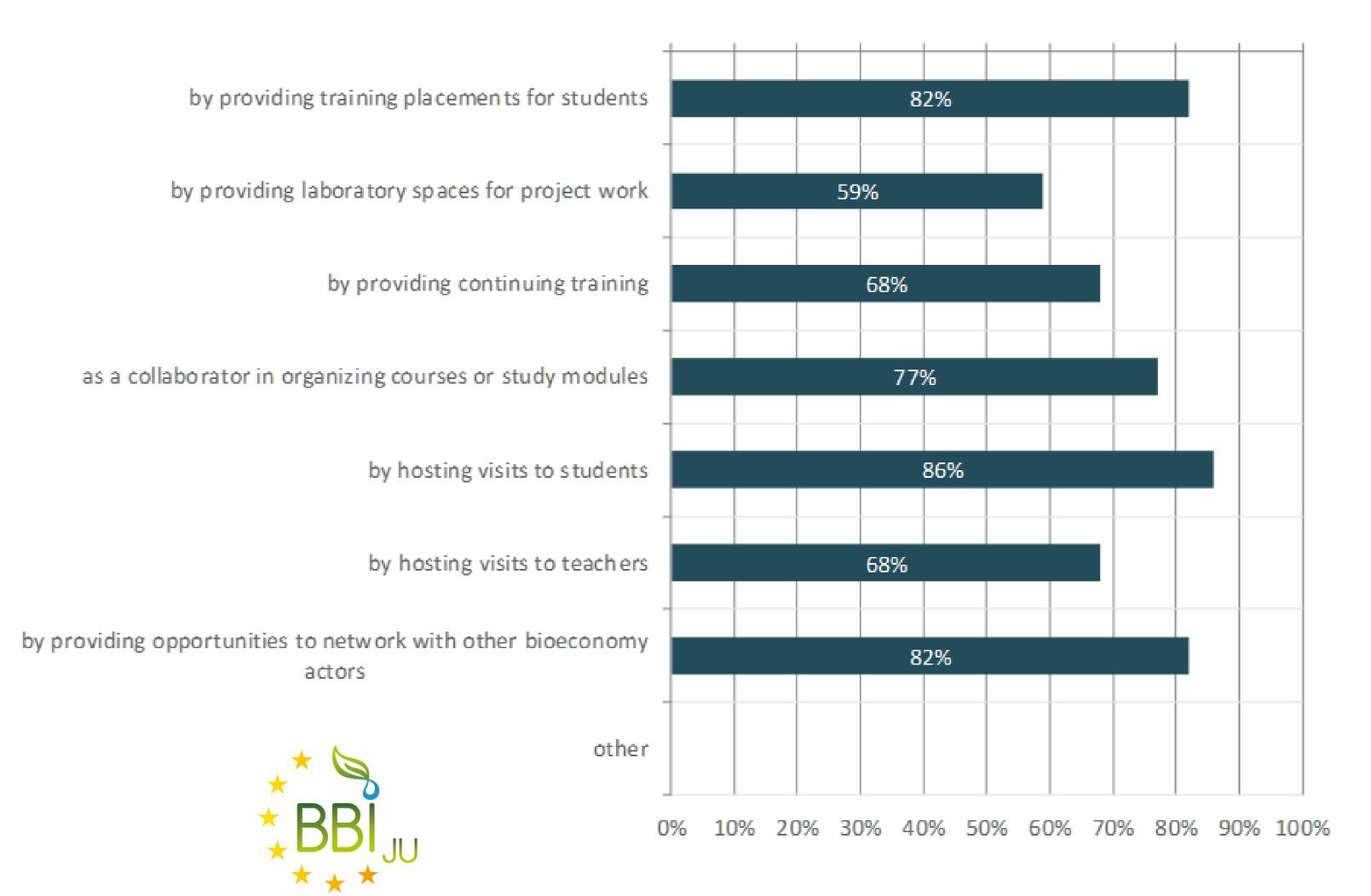


Survey results indicate interest and need

#### 10. How could piloting infrastructure serve your educational institution?

Multiple choice

Number of respondents: 22, selected answers: 115









## There are opportunities, but also challenges

#### The most feasible opportunities:

- Thematic visits to pilot plants as part of courses organized by the educational institutes and schools.
- Internship placements and thesis work in research projects in the pilot environment.
- Train-the-trainer activities would be a powerful tool for multiplying the impact.

#### Identified main challenges:

- A pilot plant is not typically an education provider, therefore extra resources and new type of procedures and collaboration is needed for the longer training courses.
- The coaching and supervision of trainees in a laboratory or pilot plant requires considerable resources and specific arrangements in e.g. occupational safety and confidentiality issues.
- Lack of information on supply and demand of training placements.





## Recommendations:

- Since pilot facility owners are not education providers it is essential to collaborate with educational institutes in organizing study modules.
  - Thematic lectures and excursions are relatively easy to organize, whereas longer study modules would require significantly more resources and external financing.
- Subsequent support of national and European authorities is needed to foster collaboration between educational institutes and pilot plants.
  - Reducing administrative and financial constraints, providing funding and incentives to collaborate across sectors and countries within Europe, setting up specific agreements.
- Facilitate the networking, knowledge sharing and collaboration between pilot plants.
- At the European level each pilot plant needs to tailor their concept for collaboration depending on their role in providing the education and links to educational institutes, funding possibilities, occupational safety rules, IPR policy and internal rules and local regulations.



10 Best Practices for academia – industry collaboration



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## 10 BEST PRACTICES FOR UrBIOfuture

10 Best Practices for
Academy & Industry Cooperation
to develop TOGETHER
Circular Bioeconomy Education Programs





## **APROACH**



## Build upon previous success cases:

REUNE ("MEET") MANUAL OF 63 GOOD PRACTICES FOR UNIVERSITY & BUSINESS COOPERATION



## Address UrBIOfuture objective

TO FOSTER INTERACTION AND ALIGMENT AMONG EDUCATIONAL/ RESEARCH INSITUTIONS AND INDUSTRY



## Contribute to UrBIOfuture afterlife impact

NEXT GENERATION OF EUROPEAN CIRCULAR BIOECONOMY EDUCATION PROGRAMS



## **APROACH**





Analysis of 16

success stories

Interviews, visits

trends...resulted

structured in 10

on University -

cooperation

information,

in 63 good

practices

chapters

Industry

international

- 3 Production and commercialisation processes
- 4 Services, advice and consultancy
- 5 The management of intellectual property protection
- 6 Financing

7 - Mechanisms for the management of University-Business relationships



9 - Networks, clusters and technology parks



Consortium European Union Funding for Research & Innovation



#### 10 BEST PRACTICES FOR UrBIOfuture



#### COLLABORATION STRATEGY

Combining forces in the same direction, explore and define the expectations and hopes Well-defined Road Map which is accepted by all the agents involved

01



#### COLLABORATION GUIDELINES

Co-designing in detail a GUIDE MANUAL about how are we going to collaborate Remove barriers caused by cultural differences to enhance mutual understanding

02



#### PROMOTION OF EFFECTIVE INTERACTIONS

Both, at personal and sectorial level
Organizing sectorial activities involving whole value chains of an Industry

03



#### PROVIDING EQUIPMENT AS DEMONSTRATORS

Exchange of equipment between Companies and Universities establishing pilot programs and initiating a customer loyalty process

04



#### CONSOLIDATING LONG-TERM RELATIONSHIPS

Take advantage of existing collaborations between University Research Groups and Industries collaborating in projects development consistently





#### 10 BEST PRACTICES FOR UrBIOfuture



#### HIGH IMPACT INDUSTRY & UNIVERSITY RELATIONSHIPS

Develop conceptual frameworks based on good practices for mutual cooperation to codesign next European generation of Circular Bioeconomy Education Programmes MIT Legatum (USA) by John Chisholm

06



#### PROMOTE DIALOGUE ABOUT KNOWLEDGE TRANSFER

An opportunity to consolidate collaborations while defining this key area for the CBBEEP co-design

07



#### SUPPORT ENTREPRENEURSHIP

An opportunity to consolidate collaborations for effective generation of spin-offs and start-ups, while defining this key area for the CBBEEP co-design

80



#### GENERATE LIVING-LABS OR REAL TIME LABORATORIES

Involvement of the end-user in testing bioproducts and bioprocess prototypes for effective knowledge transfer, entrepreneurship and high impact education programs

09



#### ORGANISE PERMANENT INTERACTIVE FORUMS

LabTours and IdeasLab, stable interactive initiatives between business and researchers, but also useful tools to integrate in high impact education programs





## **OUR VISION**

- 15 MOST DEMANDED PROFILES identified in UrBIOfuture, provides A GOOD START POINT
- 2 10 UrBIOfuture BEST PRACTICES FOR ACADEMY & INDUSTRY COOPERATION provides solid TOOLS and GUIDES
- 3 LET'S START co-design NEXT GENERATION OF EUROPEAN BIOECONOMY EDUCACTION PROGRAMS









Do you have any other recommendations for collaboration between pilot sites, education, industry and other stakeholders?

money

key person projects
open discussion
market studies primary producers
focused curriculum

## exchange programs

documentation

common language

## boost governments support

start simple practical- how to guides training funds and patience create a platform -forum balancing goals regional collaboration identifywork forces talk more student projects outreach programs farmers mobility

speak more



Main conclusions and recommendations



### **European Complexity**

Different countries and regions have their own legal frameworks and educational systems, as well as its own bio-based industry focus.

Education needs and curricula should be implemented at regional level.

An integrated vision of the educational framework should be designed centrally, at European level.





### Research and innovation

The focus should be on how to transfer knowledge from the laboratory to the industry, as well as applying research to the practical needs of the industry.

More knowledge about the process of the experiments, not only the results.



### Industry and Education

Strengthen the connection between education and the industry, making emphasis on the labour market needs across the entire value-chain.

The educational programmes should prepare the future professionals and the industry must collaborate in the process.



### New methodologies

New formats should be explored, such as project and challenge-based learning, co-creation and collaborative learning, living labs, etc.
This is especially relevant to make the younger generations interested in bioeconomy studies and careers to fulfil the growing demand of talents.





## Soft skills and crosssectoral skills

Transversal and crosssectoral skills are increasingly needed for a complex and rapidly evolving sector like the bioeconomy.



#### Collaboration

Enhance networking, knowledge sharing and collaboration among different programmes, projects and initiatives.

Stimulate the debate around education in bioeconomy and the cooperation between different stakeholders such as industrial players, regional authorities, EU Member States, pilot centers, and education providers.

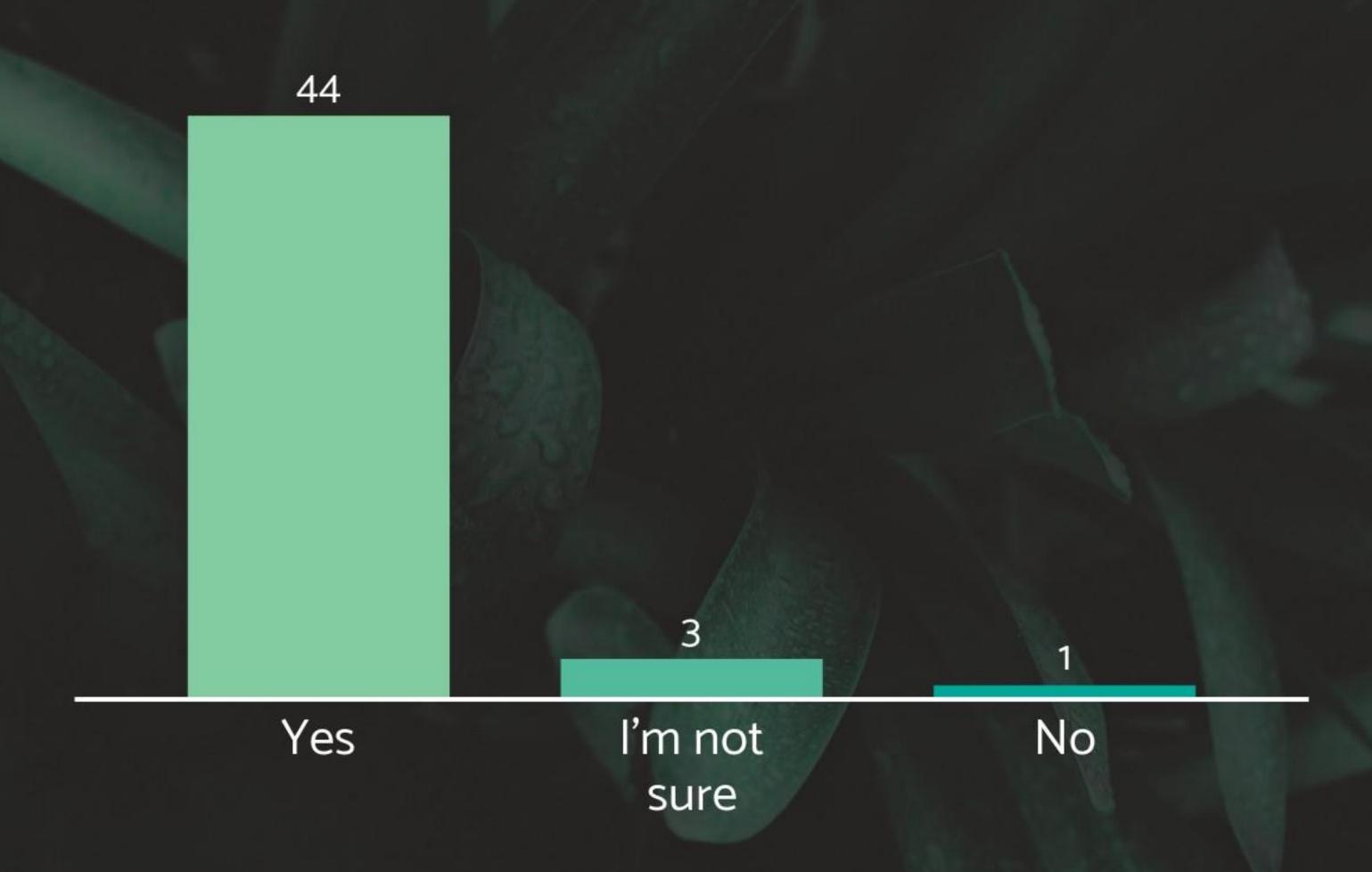


Questions & Answers

## How would you rate this webinar?



# Would you recommend this webinar to your friends and / or colleagues?





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careers, education & research

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